NanoFocus AG

Recommendation	Buy		
before:	-	as of -	
Target price (EUR)	5.20		
Price (Xetra) (EUR)	2.25		
10/18/16 4:31 PM			
Share price potential	131%		

Additional serial products in the pipeline

- NanoFocus is approaching plannable serial production and economies of scale with the order to deliver a pilot system of the µsurf cylinder (pilot system in Q4 2016) received in May, the introduction of the new process tool capable of in-line use to inspect probe cards (pilot system approved by customer; follow-up orders still pending) and the current production of a fully automatic device to inspect wafers. The technology of the acquired BMT allows NanoFocus to faster develop the µsurf cylinder that is integrated in the production process.
- The manufacturing of high-price systems should drive sales, especially as of 2018. The 2016 sales target of EUR15m appears ambitious, though. Economies of scale should cause a jump in earnings. Our EPS forecasts for 2016 (EUR0.03 (before: 0.07)) and 2017 (EUR0.18 (before: 0.23)) take already the latest capital increase into account. However, growth financing remains a central subject. Due to the potential of serial products we confirm our Buy recommendation with a price target of EUR5.20 (before: 5.80).

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016E	2017E
Sales	8.9	8.2	11.2	10.8	14.5	17.3
Sales growth	8.7%	-8.5%	37.2%	-3.8%	33.8%	19.9%
EBIT	0.3	-1.2	0.4	-1.1	0.3	0.9
EBIT margin	3.0%	neg.	3.3%	neg.	2.3%	5.4%
Net income	0.1	-1.4	0.7	-1.6	0.1	0.8
Net margin	1.7%	neg.	6.1%	neg.	1.0%	4.6%
EPS	0.05	-0.47	0.23	-0.49	0.03	0.18
DPS	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Net financial debt/ EBITDA	-0.5	-	0.8	120.6	2.4	1.2
Net Gearing	-0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2
Free cash flow (FCF)	-0.4	-1.1	-0.5	-2.1	-0.7	-0.2
FCF per share	-0.14	-0.37	-0.18	-0.65	-0.16	-0.05
EV / sales	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.3	0.9	0.7
ev / ebitda	8.5	neg.	10.6	865.8	12.6	7.2
EV / EBIT	30.1	neg.	31.9	neg.	38.5	13.7
EV / FCF	neg.	neg.	neg.	neg.	neg.	neg.
P/E ratio	57.4	neg.	15.2	neg.	66.5	12.8
P/B ratio	0.9	0.9	1.1	1.0	0.8	0.8
Dividend yield	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

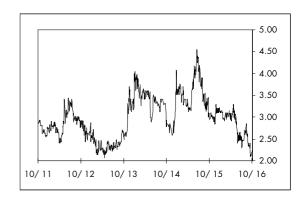
Figures in EURm except EPS, DPS and FCF per share (EUR), PERs based on average share prices

Source: Independent Research, NanoFocus AG

Date: 10/19/2016

Sector	Industrial me	asurement technology
Market segment	Entry Standa	rd
ISIN	DE00054000	567
Reuters	N2FGn.DE	
Bloomberg	N2F	
Share data		
Shares (m)	4.530	
Freefloat	62.7%	
Market cap. (EURm)	10.2	
Ø Trading Volume	4,710	
52W High 12/14/15	EUR3.35	
52W Low 09/30/16	EUR1.80	
Events		
German Equity Forum	November 2	1 - 23, 2016
Q4 results	March 2017	
Performance		
	absolute	relative to
		DAX
1 month	-4.3%	-6.4%
3 months	-8.2%	-13.6%
6 months	-27.2%	-29.0%
12 months	-24.0%	-27.2%

Entry Standard All Share



0.7%

Source: NanoFocus AG, Bloomberg

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Valuation

Three-stage DCF model

Rising EBIT margin reflects increasing scalability

In our three-stage discounted cash flow model (DCF model) we have employed our specific forecasts in our detailed planning period until and including 2017. As of 2018 we switch to a trend analysis. Until 2020 we assume the sales growth to fall to 7.5%. The EBIT margin rises to 13.0% until 2020. This reflects the fact that we expect NanoFocus to generate significant economies of scale with concrete projects in the Semiconductor and Automotive/ Powertrain units thus changing from an R&D-driven towards a manufacturing company (inline production). One product in the Semiconductor unit has entered serial production in 2015. Regarding the second product, however, there is a delay in the acceptance of the pilot system and the order of the final development up to maturity phase. NanoFocus has developed the µsurf cylinder that is integrated in the production process together with Breitmeier Messtechnik in 2015. In 2017, we expect the final development and acceptance of the serial model that should boost sales and earnings as of the end of 2017. In phase III (terminal value) we expect the free cash flow to grow by 2.0% along with inflation.

EURm	2016E	2017E	2018E	2019E	2020E	2021E	2022E	2023E	2024E	2025E
Sales	14.5	17.3	20.5	23.2	24.9	26.8	28.8	31.0	33.3	35.0
Growth y/y	33.8%	19.9%	18.5%	13.0%	7.5%	7.5%	7.5%	7.5%	7.5%	5.0%
EBIT margin	2.3%	5.4%	6.3%	9.7%	13.0%	13.0%	13.0%	13.0%	13.0%	13.0%
EBIT	0.3	0.9	1.3	2.2	3.2	3.5	3.7	4.0	4.3	4.5
Income taxes	0.0	0.0	0.0	-0.1	-0.3	-0.3	-0.4	-1.2	-1.3	-1.4
+ Amortisation and depreciation	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.0		1.2	1.3	1.4	1.4
+/- Change in long-term provisions	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2		0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3
+/- Others	-0.6	-0.4	-0.2	-0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Gross operating cash flow	0.5	1.4	2.0	3.1	4.2	4.6	4.8	4.4	4.7	4.9
/+ Change in net working capital	0.1	-1.0	-1.2	-0.9	-0.5	-0.5	-0.5	-0.5	-0.5	-0.3
/+ Investments in fixed assets	-0.4	-0.5	-0.7	-1.0	-1.1	-1.2	-1.3	-1.3	-1.4	-1.4
Free cash flow	0.2	-0.1	0.1	1.1	2.7	2.9	3.0	2.5	2.8	3.0
Present values	0.2	-0.1	0.1	0.8	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.3	1.3	1.2
Total present values	10.0									
Terminal value	16.3	i	n % of total	value: 62%						
Value of operating business	26.2	Γ	Model p	arameter	s / entit	v DCF model				
+ Cash and cash equivalents	1.8					•				
- Financial debt	-4.3		Target cap	oital structur	e:	Equity:	85%	Financi	al debt:	15%
Fair market value of equity	23.7		Risk-free ro	ate:	3.0%	Beta:	1.5	Risk pre	em. debt:	4.0%
						Risk prem.:	5.0%	Tax shi		30.0%
Number of shares outstanding (m)	4.533					Cost of equity:	10.5%	Cost of	debt:	4.9%
Fair value per share (EUR)	5.23		Growth FC	CF:	2.0%	WACC:	9.7%	Date:		10/19/16

	y analysis (EU				
			Discount re	ate (WACC)	
S		9.2%	9.7 %	10.2%	10.7%
ک ۲	2.0%	5.83	5.23	4.79	4.41
ow1	2.5%	6.05	5.50	5.02	4.60
Ð	3.0%	6.43	5.81	5.28	4.82
	3.5%	6.87	6.17	5.58	5.07

WACC of 9.7%

Fair value of EUR5.23

Share currently valued

under book value again

(before: 5.82) per share

We calculate a WACC of 9.7%. The relatively high figure is owed to the beta of 1.5 (riskfree interest rate of 3.0% assumed) that reflects the volatility and risk of the business model (small company; still R&D driven). On the other hand, we have assumed an equity ratio of 85% (at market value) in the long-term target capital structure as NanoFocus has relatively low financial debt. We have assumed a debt interest rate of 7.0% before tax and 4.9% after tax, based on the interest rates for the loans already granted (between 5.9% and 6.3%) and the approved credit line.

Fair value calculation: taking into account the latest capital increase

We have calculated a fair value of equity of EUR23.7m (before: 24.4). The lower fair value is owed to the unexpected high loss in 2015. The loss is offset by the gross income of EUR0.9m from the latest capital increase (+0.330m shares at EUR2.60 each). Based on now 4.530m (before: 4.200m) shares we have calculated a fair value per share of EUR5.23 (before: 5.82).

Valuation multiples should further improve

Based on the fair value, the EV/EBIT ratio 2016 is 79.4 and the P/E ratio is 154.6. On the one hand, NanoFocus benefits from the first serial production in the Semiconductor unit. Also, the planned goodwill amortisation should decrease by about a net EUR0.2m. On the other hand, there will be one-off expenses of about EUR0.4m for moving into the new corporate building and integration expenses for Breitmeier Messtechnik. In 2017, we expect further positive sales and earnings effects from serial production and synergies with BMT that will also affect the valuation (implied EV/EBIT 2017E: 28.2; implied P/E ratio 2017E: 29.7). It must also be considered that the share is currently valued with a price-to-book ratio 2016E of 0.8 and thus below its book value - and that even though NanoFocus' equity capital is lower already due to the goodwill amortisation of EUR3.8m since 2004 according to the German Commercial Code compared to accounting under IFRS rules. This is rather unusual for a growth share like NanoFocus.

H1 2016 sales still about

Operating costs remain

stable

10% behind plan

Financial, balance sheet and income analysis

Income analysis

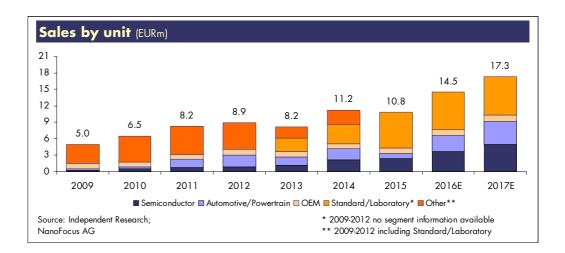
Recovery of the automotive sector causes strong growth in H1 2016

As we had expected, NanoFocus AG (individual financial statement without Breitmeier Messtechnik) raised its H1 2016 sales by 31% to EUR4.9m (3.7; our forecast: 5.4). In the preceding year, the business was burdened by buying restraint of automotive clients, especially due to the emissions scandal at Volkswagen. This is clearly reflected by the sales recovery of the Automotive/Powertrain unit of EUR0.9m (0.1; H1 2014: 1.2). The Standard unit (sales: EUR2.4m (2.1; H1 2014: 1.9)) confirmed the success of the newly aligned distribution structure (sales Semiconductor unit: +11%; sales OEM: -11%). Sales, however, were about 10% below planning figures in H1 2016. According to management, this was mainly owed to delays of several projects and the still below-average growth of the automotive sector. Breitmeier Messtechnik (BKT), which was acquired in H1 2016, also generated sales slightly lower than planned of EUR0.4m (not part of the mentioned NanoFocus AG sales), however, which reflects the project character and seasonality of the business.

Usual H1-loss owed to seasonality - stable cost basis

H1 2016 EBIT of NanoFocus AG was negative amounting to EUR-1.1m (-1.6; our forecast: -1.2) due to seasonality as we had expected. This includes one-off items of EUR0.4m for relocating the head office. The increased material cost rate of 42% (41%; H1 2014: 31%) stands out. This reflects the higher sales share of lower-margin Standard unit as well as the first serial production in the Semiconductor unit with higher unit prices and material costs. The stable operating cost base in H1 2016 with personnel expenditures of EUR2.6m (2.6; H1 2016: 2.6) and other operating expenses of EUR1.6m (1.3; H1 2014: 1.3; includes relocation costs in H1 2016) are noteworthy.

Unit: EURm Financial year: Dec. 31	H1 2014	H1 2015	H1 2016	H1 2016E
Accounting standard: *HGB	Reported	Reported	Reported	IR forecast
Sales	4.6	3.7	4.9	5.4
growth yoy	69.0%	-18.1%	31.4%	43.6%
Total operating performance	4.9	4.4	5.3	5.7
EBIT	-0.6	-1.6	-1.1	-1.2
EBIT margin	neg.	neg.	neg.	neg.
Net income	-0.8	-1.8	-1.3	-1.3
Net margin	neg.	neg.	neg.	neg.
Earnings per share (EUR)	-0.27	-0.57	-0.32	-0.30



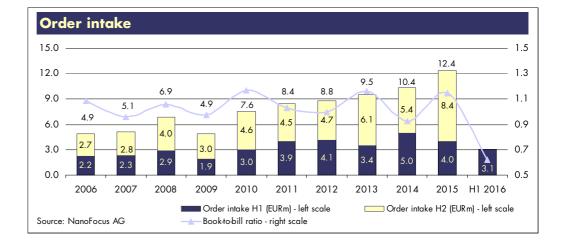
Confirmed sales and earnings targets for 2016 increasingly ambitious

H2 with clearly higher sales and earnings due to seasonality NanoFocus has confirmed its sales forecast at group-level of EUR15m (EUR13m without BMT) for 2016. The EBIT margin target of 3%-5% for NanoFocus AG and about 10% for BMT is also upheld. The order inflow was disappointing in H1 2016 for NanoFocus AG with EUR3.1m (4.0), also when compared to preceding years. However, it has increased to EUR4.9m (plus BMT with 1.5) already in August 2016. According to CFO Sorg, the upside trend currently is almost in line with the schedule, again. However, there still are delays in the Semiconductor unit. Due to seasonality, we expect a clearly stronger H2, even though our sales forecast of EUR14.5m (before: 15.2) is more conservative than the guidance. On the income level, we forecast group EBIT of EUR0.3m (before: 0.6). Our lower sales expectations and the higher material cost rate should partly be compensated for by cost reductions (reduced hours in some units, amongst others).

Accelerated growth trend

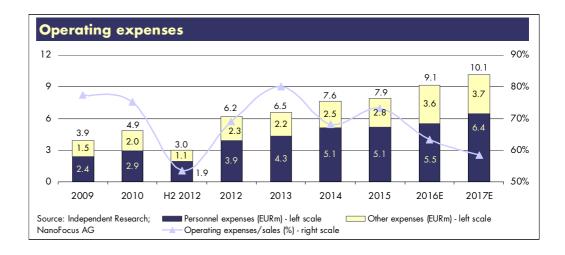
We still expect an increase in growth in the coming years as NanoFocus increasingly transfers products into serial production. The products already are in serial production:

Fully automated wafer inspection for a manufacturer of semiconductors; the product is rolled out in several plants, but remains a solution according to client specifications



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First large serial deliveries in the Semiconductor unit



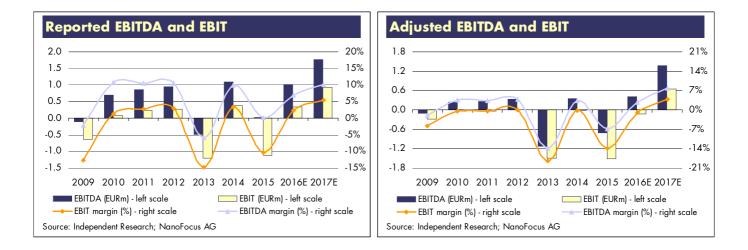
- Serial control of knee joints and tooth implants
- Measurement of micro welds in the automotive industry

Development of µsurf cylinder that is integrated in the production process within schedule

Economies of scale from higher-margin products and cost discipline The pilot system of the second serial product in the Semiconductor unit, a fully automated device to inspect probe cards, has already been approved by the customer. However, the follow-up order to develop the serial product is still pending. The order to develop the µsurf cylinder that is integrated in the production process is of strategic importance. The schedule (delivery of pilot system in Q4 2016; serial production beginning at the end of 2017) lets us expect a strong sales increase as of 2018.

EPS dilution from capital increase

In our opinion, the stable operating cost structure of NanoFocus is an indicator for the improving scalability of the business model. The margin should further benefit from the rising demand for serial products (higher margin compared to the Standard unit). We thus forecast sales of EUR17.3m (before: 18.2) and EBIT of EUR0.9m (before: 1.3) in 2017. Due to the dilution from the capital increase in June/July 2016, we expect EPS of EUR0.18 (before: 0.23).



Financial analysis

Still sound equity ratio

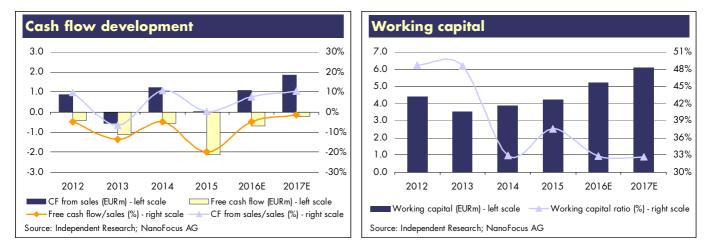
Despite of the equity ratio declining to 52% as at June 30, 2016 (December 31, 2015: 58%; June 30, 2015: 65%) NanoFocus has still a solid equity structure based on the individual financial statement of NanoFocus AG. The decline in equity to EUR9.9m as at June 30, 2016 (December 31, 2015: 11.3) is owed to the seasonally usual half-year loss. This effect should be compensated for in H2 2016. The equity was further enhanced by the capital increase carried out in June 2016 and registered in July 2016 (issue of 330k shares at EUR2.60 each; gross issuing proceeds: EUR0.9m). With regard to the group financial statement for 2016, which will be issued for the first time, both equity and equity ratio should reach the level of the NanoFocus AG figures according to preliminary calculations.

Further working capital investments necessary to generate sales growth

Growth financing remains a challenge, both regarding the seasonal demand for liquidity in H1 and the increase in working capital. NanoFocus AG (individual financial statement) posted an operating cash flow of EUR-0.6m (-0.8) and a free cash flow of EUR-1.2m (-1.1) for H1 2016 thus reaching a usual H1 level. Working capital (individual financial statement) increased to EUR4.5m as at June 30, 2016 (December 31, 2015: 4.2). In 2016 and 2017 we expect an increase in working capital by EUR1.9m on group level also due to further investments in demonstration devices and a rising share of higher-value serial products (higher sales price but also higher material use/value of stocks). In total, we expect a negative free cash flow on group level in 2016 and 2017 of EUR-0.7m and EUR-0.2m, respectively.

Growth financing remains on the agenda

In our opinion, the financing structure for the acquisition of Breitmeier Messtechnik (BMT) is preserving liquidity. The balance sheet of NanoFocus AG comprises BMT in the financial assets with EUR3.5m (including cash of EUR0.5m) while the first down payment was only EUR1.0m in 2015. The second payment of EUR0.8m will be paid shortly. It is already in fixed deposit (restricted cash among the financial assets) and thus does not again burden liquidity of NanoFocus. The third payment of EUR0.5m is due at a later point in time, only, as is the earn-out-component of EUR0.6m. We further welcome that NanoFocus was able to use current accounts of EUR0.9m in H1 2016 to finance the usual seasonal negative



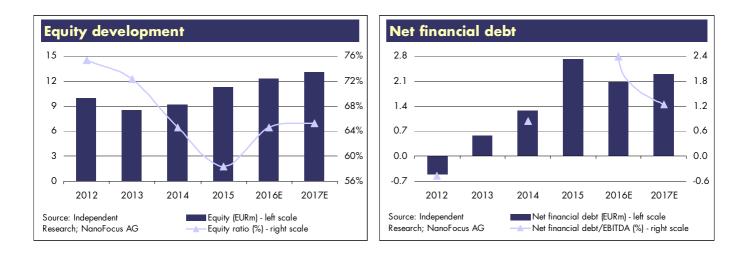
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Capital increase with gross proceeds of EUR0.9m

Seasonally negative cash

flow in H1 2016

Acquisition of BMT is preserving liquidity



Short-term loans and current accounts used for interim financing in H1 2016 free cash flow and win short-term loans of EURO.8m to finance projects ordered. Despite the proceeds from the latest capital increase and the new loans, the free cash according to the individual financial statement as at June 30, 2016 of EURO.4m (plus EURO.5m of BMT), the partly significant short-term interim financing and annual loan repayment of about EURO.3m show the need for further financing measures, in our opinion.

Income statement

Unit: EUR	Rm					
Financial year: Dec.	31 2012	2013	2014	2015	2016E	2017E
Accounting standard: HG	B					
Sales	8.9	8.2	11.2	10.8	14.5	17.3
Change in inventory	-0.1	0.1	-0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
Own work capitalised	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.4
Other operating income	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3
Total operating performance	9.6	9.0	12.1	11.9	15.3	18.0
Cost of materials	-2.5	-2.9	-3.4	-3.9	-5.2	-6.1
Gross profit	7.1	6.1	8.7	7.9	10.1	11.9
Personnel expenses	-3.9	-4.3	-5.1	-5.1	-5.5	-6.4
Other operating expenses	-2.3	-2.2	-2.5	-2.8	-3.6	-3.7
BITDA	0.9	-0.5	1.1	0.0	1.0	1.8
Depreciation and amortisation	-0.7	-0.7	-0.7	-1.1	-0.7	-0.8
EBIT	0.3	-1.2	0.4	-1.1	0.3	0.9
-inancial results	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-0.2	-0.2	-0.1
EBT	0.2	-1.3	0.2	-1.3	0.1	0.8
Extraordinary expenses	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ncome taxes and other taxes	0.0	-0.1	-0.6	-0.3	0.0	0.0
Vinority interests	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Net income	0.1	-1.4	0.7	-1.6	0.1	0.8
Weighted average number of shares (m)	2.915	3.000	3.000	3.306	4.365	4.530
Earnings per share (EUR)	0.05	-0.47	0.23	-0.49	0.03	0.18
Dividend per share (EUR)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Source: Independent Research; NanoFocus AG

	in % ec. 31 HGB	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016E	2017E
Sales		100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Change in inventory		-1.1%	0.8%	-0.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Dwn work capitalised		6.9%	7.9%	6.6%	6.9%	4.1%	2.3%
Other operating income		2.1%	1.3%	2.0%	3.1%	2.0%	1.6%
lotal operating performance		108.0%	110.0%	107.9%	109.9%	106.1%	103.9%
Cost of materials		-28.5%	-35.8%	-30.0%	-36.5%	-36.0%	-35.2%
Gross profit		79.5%	74.1%	77.9 %	73.4%	70. 1%	68.6 %
Personnel expenses		-43.6%	-52.9%	-45.5%	-47.7%	-38.2%	-37.2%
Other operating expenses		-25.3%	-27.2%	-22.6%	-25.6%	-25.0%	-21.3%
BITDA		10.6%	- 5.9 %	9.8 %	0.2%	7.0 %	1 0.2 %
Depreciation and amortisation		-7.6%	-8.9%	-6.5%	-10.5%	-4.7%	-4.8%
BIT		3.0%	-14.8%	3.3%	-1 0.4 %	2.3%	5.4%
inancial results		-0.9%	-0.7%	-1.3%	-1.5%	-1.2%	-0.8%
BT		2.1%	-15.5%	2.0%	-11.8%	1.0%	4.5%
xtraordinary expenses		0.0%	0.0%	9.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
ncome taxes and other taxes		-0.4%	-1.6%	-5.0%	-3.0%	0.0%	0.1%
Ainority interests		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Net income		1.7%	-17.1%	6.1%	-14.9%	1.0%	4.6 %

Balance sheet

Unit: Financial year: Accounting standard:	EURm Dec. 31 HGB	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016E	2017E
apital subscribed not paid in		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
xpenditures for start-up and expansion of business oper	rations	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
tangible assets		3.0	3.0	2.2	2.2	4.4	4.5
roperty, plant and equipment		0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	1.0	1.0
inancial assets		0.1	0.1	2.1	6.4	2.1	2.1
otal non-current assets		3.6	3.6	4.8	9.0	7.5	7.6
iventories		2.6	2.9	3.2	3.5	4.6	5.4
eceivables and other assets		3.4	3.2	4.2	5.2	5.3	5.7
Trade receivables		2.6	1.9	2.2	2.6	3.1	3.5
Other current receivables/assets		0.9	1.4	2.1	2.6	2.1	2.2
ecurities		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cash and cash equivalents		1.8	0.3	0.8	0.6	0.5	0.2
otal current assets		7.9	6.4	8.2	9.3	10.4	11.3
Deferred expenses and accrued income		0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2
Deferred tax assets		1.7	1.7	1.1	0.9	0.9	0.9
otal assets		13.2	11.8	14.3	19.4	19.0	20.0
ubscribed capital		3.0	3.0	3.0	4.2	4.5	4.5
apital reserve		6.1	6.1	6.1	8.6	9.1	9.1
etained earnings related to deferred taxes		1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2
Capital contributions		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
rofit/loss carried forward		0.0	0.0	0.0	-1.1	-1.1	-1.1
etained earnings		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Net income		-0.4	-1.8	-1.1	-1.6	-1.5	-0.7
otal equity		9.9	8.5	9.2	11.3	12.3	13.1
vestment grants to non-current assets		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Provisions		0.3	0.3	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8
inancial liabilities		1.3	0.9	2.0	2.8	2.1	2.0
dvanced payments received		0.0	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
rade payables		0.8	1.0	1.5	1.8	2.5	2.7
abilities to affiliated companies		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other liabilities		0.3	0.1	0.5	2.1	0.7	0.7
otal liabilities		2.4	2.3	4.0	6.8	5.3	5.4
eferred income and accrued expenses		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1
eferred tax liabilities		0.5	0.7	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6
otal equity and liabilities		13.2	11.8	14.3	19.4	19.0	20.0

Deleman chart	(positions in % of balance sheet total)
Balance sneer	loositions in % of balance sheet total 1

Financial year: Dec. 31 Accounting standard: HGB	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016E	2017E
Capital subscribed not paid in	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
xpenditures for start-up and expansion of business operations	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
ntangible assets	22.5%	25.3%	15.5%	11.3%	23.0%	22.7%
roperty, plant and equipment	3.6%	4.3%	3.3%	2.0%	5.4%	4.8%
inancial assets	1.1%	1.2%	14.9%	33.1%	11.2%	10.6%
otal non-current assets	27.1%	30.8 %	33.7%	46.5 %	39.7 %	38.1%
nventories	19.6%	24.5%	22.6%	18.2%	24.4%	26.7%
eceivables and other assets	26.0%	27.2%	29.6%	26.8%	27.7%	28.7%
rade receivables	19.5%	15.8%	15.2%	13.2%	16.5%	17.5%
Other current receivables/assets	6.4%	11.5%	14.4%	13.6%	11.1%	11.1%
ecurities	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Cash and cash equivalents	14.0%	2.8%	5.4%	3.2%	2.6%	1.1%
otal current assets	59.6 %	54.5%	57.6%	48.2%	54.7%	56.4%
Peferred expenses and accrued income	0.6%	0.6%	1.0%	0.7%	0.9%	1.0%
Deferred tax assets	12.7%	14.2%	7.7%	4.6%	4.7%	4.5%
iotal assets	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
ubscribed capital	22.7%	25.4%	21.0%	21.7%	23.8%	22.6%
Capital reserve	46.5%	51.9%	43.0%	44.4%	48.0%	45.5%
etained earnings related to deferred taxes	8.8%	9.9%	8.1%	6.0%	6.1%	5.8%
Capital contributions	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
rofit/loss carried forward	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	-5.6%	-5.7%	-5.4%
etained earnings	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Net income	-2.7%	-14.9%	-7.5%	-8.3%	-7.7%	-3.3%
otal equity	75.3%	72.3 %	64.6 %	58.3 %	64.6 %	65.2 %
ivestment grants to non-current assets	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Provisions	2.3%	2.5%	3.3%	2.9 %	3.7%	3.9 %
inancial liabilities	9.8%	7.6%	14.3%	14.7%	10.9%	10.0%
Advanced payments received	0.0%	1.6%	0.6%	0.4%	0.4%	0.4%
rade payables	5.8%	8.7%	10.3%	9.0%	13.0%	13.4%
iabilities to affiliated companies	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%
Dther liabilities	2.4%	1.2%	3.2%	11.0%	3.4%	3.3%
otal liabilities	18.0%	19.1%	28.3%	35.2%	27.8 %	27.2%
eferred income and accrued expenses	0.2%	0.3%	0.3%	0.4%	0.5%	0.6%
Deferred tax liabilities	4.2%	5.7%	3.6%	3.3%	3.3%	3.2%
	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Cash flow statement

Unit: EURm Financial year: Dec. 31 Accounting standard: HGB	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016E	2017E
Net income	0.1	-1.4	0.7	-1.6	0.1	0.8
+/- Loss/gain on the disposal of PP&E	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
+ Depreciation and amortisation	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.8
+/- Own work capitalised	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
+/- Changes in provisions	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1
+/- Other non-cash expenses/income	0.0	0.1	-0.3	0.8	0.2	0.1
Cash flow from sales activities	0.9	-0.6	1.2	0.0	1.1	1.8
-/+ Changes in inventories, receiveables/other current assets	-0.2	-0.1	-1.5	-1.6	-0.5	-1.2
+/- Changes in payables and other liabilties	-0.3	0.3	0.6	0.2	-0.1	0.2
+/- Gain/loss from extraordinary items	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cash flow from operating activities	0.4	-0.3	0.4	-1.3	0.5	0.8
+ Proceeds from sale of assets	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
- Expenses for purchase of assets	-0.2	-0.2	-0.6	-0.3	-0.4	-0.5
- Own work capitalised	-0.6	-0.6	-0.7	-0.7	-0.6	-0.4
Payouts for investments in financial assets	0.0	0.0	0.0	-0.8	0.8	0.0
+ Interest received	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
- Acquisitions	0.0	0.0	0.0	-1.0	-0.3	0.0
Cash flow from investing activities	-0.9	-0.8	-1.3	-2.8	-0.5	-0.9
+ Proceeds from equity increases	0.6	0.0	0.0	3.7	0.8	0.0
+ Proceeds from finance lease	-0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
/+ Repayments of/proceeds from financial liabilities	-0.5	-0.4	1.0	-0.3	-0.8	-0.1
+ Incoming payments from grants received	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.3	0.0	0.0
Interest paid	0.0	0.0	-0.1	-0.1	-0.2	-0.1
Cash flow from financial activities	0.0	-0.4	1.4	3.5	-0.1	-0.2
Change in financial position	-0.4	-1.5	0.5	-0.6	-0.1	-0.3
Other non-cash items	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0
Financial position - start of period	2.2	1.8	0.3	0.8	0.6	0.5
Financial position - end of period	1.8	0.3	0.8	0.6	0.5	0.2

Source: Independent Research; NanoFocus AG

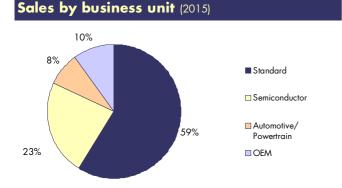
Key figures

Financial year: Dec. 3						
Accounting standard: HGE	3 2012	2013	2014	2015	2016E	2017E
Growth rates	8.7%	-8.5%	37.2%	-3.8%	33.8%	19.9%
Sales growth		-0.3 %	37.2%			
BITDA growth	8.7% 21.1%	-	-	-98.5%	5976.5%	75.1% 181.8%
EBIT growth	63.4%	-	-		-	425.9%
EBT growth		-	-	-	-	
EPS growth	130.3%	-	-	-	-	419.9%
Margins						
BITDA margin	10.6%	neg.	9.8%	0.2%	7.0%	10.2%
BIT margin	3.0%	neg.	3.3%	neg.	2.3%	5.4%
EBT margin	2.1%	neg.	2.0%	neg.	1.0%	4.5%
Net margin	1.7%	neg.	6.1%	neg.	1.0%	4.6%
Yield analysis						
ROI	1.1%	-11.2%	5.2%	-9.5%	0.8%	4.1%
ROCE	2.7%	-17.6%	2.5%	-12.8%	2.5%	7.1%
ROE before taxes	1.9%	-13.7%	2.5%	-12.5%	1.3%	6.2%
ROE after taxes	1.6%	-15.1%	7.7%	-15.6%	1.3%	6.3%
ROIC	1.9%	-12.7%	1.9%	-10.8%	2.2%	6.2%
Balance sheet analysis						
quity ratio	75.3%	72.3%	64.6%	58.3%	64.6%	65.2%
Equity/non-current assets ratio	2.8	2.3	1.9	1.3	1.6	1.7
Equity + non-current debt/non-current assets ratio	3.1	2.5	2.3	1.7	2.0	2.1
Asset intensity	27.1%	30.8%	33.7%	46.5%	39.7%	38.1%
nventory turnover	3.4	3.0	3.7	3.2	3.5	3.5
Receivables turnover	3.3	3.7	5.6	4.6	5.1	5.2
Days of sales outstanding	110.0	99.1	65.7	79.9	71.9	70.1
Working capital/sales ratio	48.7%	48.6%	33.0%	37.5%	32.8%	32.7%
Days of payables outstanding	132.8	112.0	135.3	148.9	148.0	153.8
Debt ratios						
Net financial debt	-0.5	0.6	1.3	2.7	2.1	2.3
Net financial debt/EBITDA	-0.5	-	0.8	120.6	2.4	1.2
Net Gearing	-0.0	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2
EBITDA interest coverage	9.3	0.1	6.8	0.1	5.3	11.9
BIT interest coverage	2.6	-	2.3	0.1	1.7	6.3
Cash flow analysis	2.0		2.0		1.7	0.0
ree cash flow (FCF)	-0.4	-1.1	-0.5	-2.1	-0.7	-0.2
CF/sales	-0.4	-13.6%	-0.5	-19.8%	-4.9%	-1.3%
CF/net income	-282.6%	-13.0%	-4.7%	-17.0%	-4.7%	-1.3 %
CF per share (EUR)	-282.0%	-0.37	-0.18	-0.65	-47 5.1%	-27.9%
CF yield	-4.9%	-14.4%	-5.3%	-18.4%	-7.1%	-2.2%
Capex	0.2	0.2	0.6	0.3	0.4	0.5
Capex/depreciation	71.8%	42.5%	155.2%	60.9%	72.3%	74.8%
Capex/sales	2.7%	1.9%	5.3%	2.5%	2.8%	3.1%
Valuation multiples	2.7 /0	1.7/0	0.070	2.3%	2.0/0	5.1%
•		1.0	1 ^	1 0	0.0	~ 7
V/sales	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.3	0.9	0.7
	8.5	neg.	10.6	865.8	12.6	7.2
	30.1	neg.	31.9	neg.	38.5	13.7
V/FCF	neg.	neg.	neg.	neg.	neg.	neg.
/E	57.4	neg.	15.2	neg.	66.5	12.8
/B	0.9	0.9	1.1	1.0	0.8	0.8
2/CF	19.9	neg.	26.4	neg.	20.9	12.1
2/S	1.0	0.9	0.9	1.1	0.7	0.6
Dividend yield	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

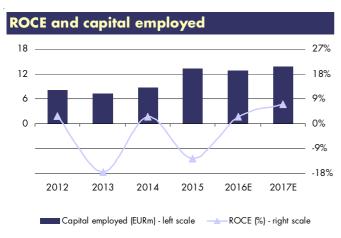


⇒ In 2015, NanoFocus suffered from weak demand in the automotive industry due to the emissions scandal at Volkswagen, amongst others.

 \Rightarrow Especially as of 2016 we expect strong growth due to serial production.



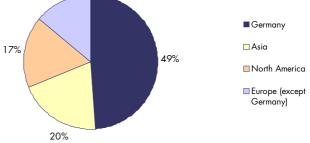
⇒ After the realignment of sales and distribution the Standard business unit improved. The Semiconductor unit benefited from first serial production. After the difficult year 2015 the Automotive unit ought to improve again.



 \Rightarrow Due to the loss in 2015 the ROCE was negative.

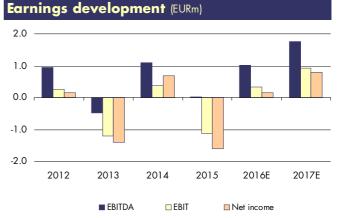
 \Rightarrow Due to increasing economies of scale and no more goodwill amortisation as of 2017 the ROCE should rise clearly.

Sales by region (2015)



 \Rightarrow NanoFocus generates half of its sales in Germany.

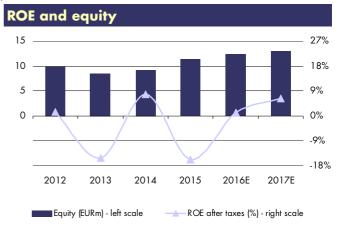
⇒ Because of strong growth in the semiconductor segment (e.g. customer Samsung) the Asian business gained in importance.



 \Rightarrow The postponement of higher-margin projects had a negative impact in 2015.

 \Rightarrow Along with the change towards a producing company economies of

scale should gradually gain in importance.



⇒ Capital increase in 2016: EUR0.9m (330,000 shares at EUR2.60 each)
⇒ In line with successively increasing profitability the ROE should improve steadily

as well. However, the ROE 2017E should still be below the cost of capital.

Source: Independent Research; NanoFocus AG

Please notice the advice regarding possible conflicts of interests as well as the disclaimer at the end of this document

10/19/2016

NANOFOCUS AG

Disclaimer

Recommendations concerning particular shares (starting December 18, 2009)

Buy:	According to our assessment, the stock will rise by at least 15% in absolute terms within a 6-month period.				
Hold:	According to our assessment, the stock will rise by between 0% and 15% in absolute terms within a 6-month period.				
Sell:	According to our assessment, the stock will decline in absolute terms within a 6-month period.				
Recommendations concerning particular shares (until December 17, 2009)					
Виу:	According to our assessment, the stock will rise by at least 15% in absolute terms within a 6-month period.				
Accumulate:	According to our assessment, the stock will rise by between 0% and 15% in absolute terms within a 6-month period.				
Reduce:	According to our assessment, the stock will decline by between 0% and 15% in absolute terms within a 6-month period.				
Sell:	According to our assessment, the stock will decline by least 15% in absolute terms within a 6-month period.				

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Key sources of information used in the preparation of this document are publications in foreign and domestic media such as information services (e.g. Reuters, VWD, Bloomberg, DPA-AFX etc.), the financial press (e.g. Börsenzeitung, Handelsblatt, FAZ, FTD, Wall Street Journal, Financial Times etc.), specialised journals, published statistics, rating agencies and publications of the issuers under coverage.

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In valuing companies standard and accepted valuation methods (amongst others the Discounted Cash Flow Method (DCF Method), Peer-Group Analysis) are applied. Under the DCF Method the net value of the issuer is calculated, which represents the sum of the discounted company results, i.e. the net present value of the issuer's future net cash flows. The net value is therefore determined with reference to the company's anticipated future results and the discount rate applied. Under the Peer-Group Analysis Method issuers quoted on the Stock Exchange are valued with reference to the comparison of valuation multiples (e.g. price/earnings ratio, price/book value, enterprise value/sales, enterprise value/EBITDA, enterprise value/EBIT). Comparability of the valuation multiples is primarily determined by business activity and economic prospects.

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lssuer	Conflicts of interest
NanoFocus AG	5,6

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